

S.No.	Name of City	Slum Population 1991
3.	Delhi UA	22.480
4.	Madras UA	15.251
5.	Hyderabad UA	8.593
6.	Bangalore UA	5.162
7.	Ahmedabad UA	6.724@
8.	Puna UA	4.065@
9.	Kanpur UA	4.172
10.	Lucknow UA	2.778
11.	Nagpur UA	5.308@
12.	Jaipur UA	4.418@
13.	Surat UA	3.858@
14.	Coimbatore UA	0.958
15.	Cochin UA	2.829@
16.	Vadodara UA	2.063@
17.	Indore UA	1.686@
18.	Patna UA	6.982@
19.	Madurai UA	1.953
20.	Bhopal UA	1.487**
21.	Vishakhapatnam UA	2.664
22.	Varanasi UA	2.074
23.	Ludhiana	3.687
TOTAL:		188.659

Note: Classification of the size of cities is based on 1991 Census.

@ Based on the percentage identified slum population of 1981.

** Based on the number of identified Jhuggi cluster by the State Government in 1991-92.

Law for earthquake resistant buildings in Delhi

529. SHRI RAJNATH SINGH "SURYA": Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Delhi is placed on high risk zone IV in the seismic zoning map by the Indian Metereological Department;

(b) if so, whether there is any law which requires constructions in Delhi to be earthquake resistant;

(c) if not, whether on such stipulation would be provided in the building bye-laws; and

(d) if so, by when?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION (SHRI BANDARU DATTATRAYA): (a) Delhi is placed in Zone-IV of the Seismic Zoning Map.

(b) Presently construction of buildings in Delhi is governed by the Building Bye-laws which take care of the structural safety of the Buildings constructed/proposed to be constructed. These Buildings Bye-Laws are regulated and implemented through various agencies like the Delhi Development Authority, Municipal Corporation of Delhi and New Delhi Municipal Council. The Ministry of Urban Development and Poverty Alleviation has also been emphasizing the need for strictly curbing any violation of the Building bye-laws by any person or persons and has been stressing upon the local bodies/ authorities to take action as per Rules and Acts against unauthorised constructions.

(c) and (d) To give a greater thrust for making buildings quake resistant and structurally more sound prospectively, the Ministry has issued a Public Notice on February 01, 2001 purporting to amend certain provisions of the Buildings bye-laws which would enable greater Structural Safety of the Buildings. A copy of the Public Notice is at Annexure. [See Appendix 192, Annexure No.3]. This modification, as evident, makes it mandatory that the structural design of foundation, masonry, timber, plain concrete, reinforced concrete pre-stressed concrete and structural steel would be carried out taking into consideration the Indian Standards for earthquake protection of Building and that the Standards for earthquake protection of Building and that the certificate of doing so would be signed by the owner and the architect.

Major racket in housing department of DDA

530. SHRIMATI VANGA GEETHA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether a major racket has been unearthed recently in housing department of Delhi Development Authority;

(b) if so, the number of DDA and private individuals involved in it;

(c) the number of persons against whom cases have been registered; and